

Wavelengths in the mid-infrared are typically expressed in micrometers, commonly called microns, where one micron is 10^{-6} meters. Another typical unit in the mid-infrared is the wavenumber. Having units of cm^{-1} , the wavenumber is the number of waves in cm and is proportional to frequency.

Converting microns to wavenumbers is simple:

$$\text{Wavenumbers} = \frac{10,000}{\text{Wavelength in microns}} \text{ cm}^{-1}$$

For example, if you have a wavelength of 2.5 microns, and want to know the equivalent wavenumbers, then:

$$\text{Wavenumbers} = \frac{10,000}{2.5} \text{ cm}^{-1} = 4000 \text{ cm}^{-1}$$

Converting wavenumbers to microns is also straightforward:

$$\text{Wavelength in microns} = \frac{10,000}{\text{Wavenumbers in cm}^{-1}} \text{ microns}$$

For example, if you have a wavelength in wavenumbers of 900 cm^{-1} , and want to know the equivalent wavelength in microns, then:

$$\text{Wavelength in microns} = \frac{10,000}{900} \text{ microns} = 11.11 \text{ microns}$$